

Year 1 and 2 Knowledge Organiser – History

The Great Fire of London

Sunday 2 nd September 1666	Monday 3 rd September 1666	Tuesday 4 th September 1666	Wednesday 5 th September 1666	Thursday 6 th September 1666
A fire starts in Thomas Farriner's bakery on Pudding Lane. As news of the fire spreads, people run to escape its path.	Fire-fighters try to tackle the fire but it spreads quickly. People carry their possessions to safety using a horse and cart or boats on the River Thames.	Houses are pulled down in an attempt to stop the fire spreading. St. Paul's Cathedral is destroyed.	The fire starts to burn more slowly as the wind dies down.	The fire is finally under control and put out. People are left homeless.

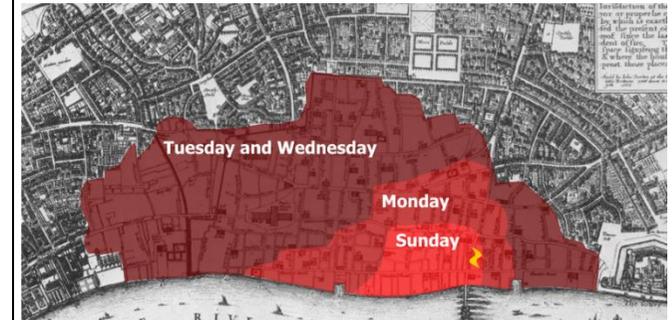
Vocabulary

bakery	A place where bread and cakes are made and sold
diary	A personal record of life's events
embers	Small pieces of glowing coal or wood in a dying fire
Eye witness	A person who has seen something and can give a description of it
Fire hook	Giant hooks used to pull down houses
Fire squirt	A pump used to suck up water and then squirt it at a fire
Fire break	When buildings are destroyed to make a gap so the fire can't spread
Flammable	Can set on fire
Gunpowder	An explosive used to blow up houses to stop the fire spreading
St Paul's Cathedral	A Christian building razed to the ground in the fire and rebuilt using designs by Sir Christopher Wren

Key facts

When and where did the fire start?	The fire of London started in a bakery in Pudding Lane on 2nd September
Why did the fire spread?	It hadn't rained for months so the city was very dry. In 1666, lots of people had houses made from wood which burns easily. Houses were built too close together and there was no organised fire brigade.
How did they fight the fire?	They used leather buckets and squirts filled with water, axes, fire-hooks and gunpowder to make fire-breaks.
How did they stop the fire?	The fire burned for 4 days. As the wind died down and changed direction the fire became under control and was finally put out
How many people died?	6 people died as a result of the fire. Thomas Farriner's maid was the first person to die because she was too scared to jump from the burning building
What happened after the fire?	13,200 houses were destroyed by the fire and 70,000 people were left homeless. Many left London to live elsewhere and some slept in tents.

Where the fire spread



Key People



King Charles II was the King of England in 1666. After the fire, he made a decree that houses must be built further apart and built from stone not timber.

Samuel Pepys was a diarist at the time of the fire. We know about the fire from some of the things he wrote in his diary.

Thomas Farriner Was a baker to King Charles II. The fire started at his bakery in Pudding Lane. It started when an ember fell from his oven.

Question 3. How long is the River Nile?	Start of unit.	End of unit.
1. 6670km		
2. 7650km		
3. 6450km		
4. 5890km		

Question 6. What is the name of the jar in which intestines, stomach, lungs and livers were kept in?	Start of unit.	End of unit.
1. cartouche		
2. canopic		
3. sarcophagus		
4. scarab		

Question 5. What year was Tutankhamun's tomb found?	Start of unit.	End of unit.
1. 1822		
2. 1952		
3. 200		
4. 1904		

Question 4. Where were the pharoes buried?	Start of unit.	End of unit.
1. In a tomb		
2. In a pyramid		
3. In the desert		
4. At sea		