



British history beyond 1066 - Leisure and Entertainment



Timeline

476	1660	1700	1720	1840+	1850+	1900+	1930+	1960s	1970s	1980s	1980+
Medieval Pilgrimage 476 – 1453	The Grand Tour - 1660 – 1820	Spas Tourism – around 1700–1800	Local sea-bathing around 1720	The Seaside Holiday 1840 – present	The creation the railway .	Most Britons could take a week long holiday	Holiday camps were popular	Camping and caravanning became	Britons started going abroad	Skiing became popular for holidays	Holidays to far away countries became cheaper and the ordinary working person could

General Knowledge

Medieval Pilgrimage

The term 'holiday' is derived from 'holy day'. Considered the origin of holidays; a journey which was made in to ask for forgiveness, or be cured of illness.

The Grand Tour

It was fashionable for wealthy English men to take a Grand Tour which was seen as essential to complete education and cultural experience. Wealthy families sent their sons to see Europe's major cities.

Spas Tourism

This became important for health in Britain at this time. Spas offered health-giving mineral waters and were places where visitors could bathe, drink the famous waters, gamble, eat, drink, dance, do business and arrange marriages.

Local sea-bathing

The first local sea-bathing come from Whitby and Scarborough, in North Yorkshire, shortly before 1720 and accessibility to the enormous London market and its Bath offshoot soon prompted developments in south-eastern England, especially at Margate, Brighton and Weymouth.

Seaside Holidays today

The industrial revolution of the 19th century gave many more people the money, time and transport to visit the sea for a holiday. The expansion of the railways saw more seaside towns come in reach of working class people and towns such as Blackpool, Brighton and Morecambe flourished as resorts. The tradition of the seaside holiday was established

Holiday Camps e.g /Butlins

In 1936 the first Butlins opened in Skegness, Lincolnshire, to accommodate 1000 British holidaymakers. It was aimed at the poorer families. The camp offered fun and relaxation which would delight families and where they could escape from their everyday lives in 1930s and then post-war Britain.

Paid holiday time

In 1938, The Annual Holiday Bill gave workers the right to a paid holiday for the first time.

Key Vocabulary

Seaside resort	A place where someone goes for rest, relaxa-
Railway	A system of trains that are used for transporting goods and people to other parts of the country.
Steam train	The first trains powered by steam.
Economic impact	How an event creates more spending in an
Social impact	The ways in which something makes an impact on people and on the way people do things .
Political effects	The ways in which the government affects
Location	A particular place.
Accommodation	Where someone stays when they are visiting
Promenading	Take a leisurely public walk, ride, or drive so



Question 1.	Start of unit.	End of unit.
Where does the term 'holiday' come from?		
Holler-day		
Holy-day		
Holly-day		

Question 2.	Start of unit.	End of unit.
When did the seaside holiday start?		
1640 AD		
1740 AD		
1840 AD		
1940 AD		

Question 3.	Start of unit.	End of unit.
Who experienced the 'Grand Tour'?		
Wealthy ladies		
Wealthy gentlemen		
Wealthy families		

Question 4.	Start of unit.	End of unit.
What made it easier to get to the seaside in the 19th century?		
Horses		
Bicycles		
Railways		
Cars		

Question 5.	Start of unit.	End of unit.
Where was considered the earliest seaside resort?		
Blackpool		
Scarborough		
Morecambe		
Bournemouth		

Question 6.	Start of unit.	End of unit.
What was one of the positive impacts of the railway on people's lives?		
They accepted other cultures and religions more readily.		
They mixed with different classes of people.		

Question 7.	Start of unit.	End of unit.
When did holiday camps like Butlins become popular?		
1900s AD		
1910s AD		
1920s AD		
1930s AD		

Question 8.	Start of unit.	End of unit.
What is 'Promenading'?		
Walking along taking in the scenery.		
Walking, riding or driving to be seen by other people.		
Walking quickly to get somewhere.		